

CONFIGURATION

SERVICE

MAINTENANCE

Cover	
Content	2
Introduction	3
Assembling	4
Assembling	5
Fuel and Oil	6
Start the engine	7
Pilotsuspension	8
Pilot suspension	9
Pilot suspension and harness	10
Pilot suspension and harness	11
Pilot suspension and harness	12
Pilot suspension and harness	13
Throttle lever	14
Start check	15
Check before each flight	16
Check 100 hours	17
Powerfly Karabiner	18
Oil control	19



Prior to operation of this paramotor the pilot should familiarize themselves with this manual. It contains operating instructions and details pertaining to the maintenance of the Thorix model.

The owner needs to become familure with all aspect of operation and maintenance prior to the use of this motor. The owner needs also to adhere to laws pertaining to their own country regarding flight restrictions and maintenance as well as what is contained in this manual.

Information regarding important updates to this model will be made available via your importer, and published in the relevant national flying magazines under <u>http://www.fresh-breeze.de/en/service/dfgdfg.html</u>

Please note:-Do not make any flights in turbulent weather conditions through as a paraglider in principle receives its shape only by the internal pressure. This can be established only when normal air flow conditions prevail. You need to fly with increased caution when thunderstorms are near by or forecasted.

Under no circumstances should a pilot fly too close to the storm front. Land if ever in doubt. Other areas in your country will also have flight restrictions and laws of entry. These include but are not limited to military zones, controlled aircraft areas and populated areas. Seek information about an area before taking flight as well as the appropriate licensing.



Place engine on firm flat ground and install the lower half of the cage first, leaving the velcro till later.

Install the upper half of the cage and check all connections are secure.

Fix all 7 velcro tabs and recheck all cage and frame connections are fastened tight.







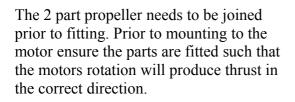


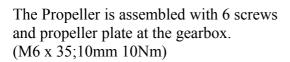


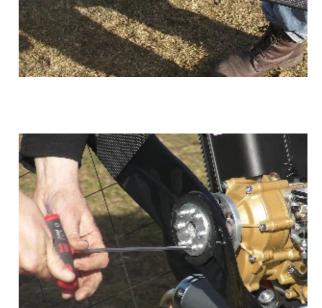


The starter rope needs be fitted to the shackle in the upper cage











The engine will be delivered with 2 tank lids. One is witha ventilation hole for flight operations. The other is closed for transport. Before each flight, ensure that the ventilation cap is screwed on.

Failure to do so may result in engine failure due to the tank pressure.

<u>Use the closed lid only for transportation.</u> Beware that a closed tank will expand as temperatures rise, as well will shrink as conditions get cooler and deform the fuel tankcheck the correct cap is fitted before each flight and the tank is not expanded.

Fuel flows from the fuel tank through a  $90^{\circ}$  outlet and then through a fuel filter- check before each flight.

After the fuel filter there is the ball pump that allows the fuel to be primed into the carburettor

The membrane carburetor has no special choke system. A cold engine needs to be primed.

To prime your engine squeeze the ball pump.

Simultaneously press in the carburetor membrane to allow fuel come into the carburettor.

It is important to release the membrane before releasing the pump. Repeat this until you see fuel enter into the carburettor via the fuel line and your finger feels a little pressure.

Now you have the right amount of gas in your carburetor.





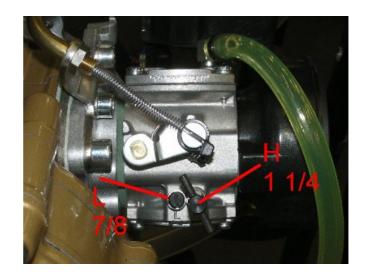




# **Thory** FUEL AND OIL

Basic adjusumet for WB 37 on ThoriX Close the both mixture screws L and H

Open the screw L 7/8 Open the screw H 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>



Make sure the area you start the motor is clear from people. The preferred method is to put the motor on your back. You can reach for the starter handle over your shoulder. The throttle lever should be in in your hands while pulling the cord. Identify the kill switch in case you need to stop the motor.

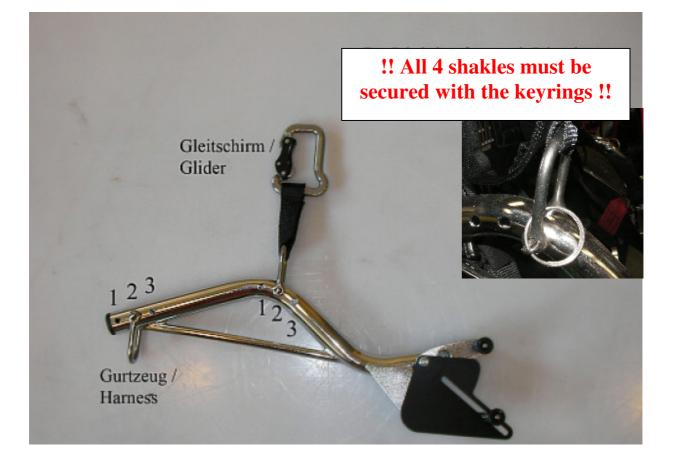
After a tough pull the engine should start within the first 5 attempts. Normally a small amount of throttle needs to be used while pull starting. If the engine doesn't start then repeat the steps to prime the motor with ball pump and membrane on the carburettor as already described. If the engine is "flooded", you may have to use larger amounts of throttle. Beware that a motor starting on full throttle has significant risks.

THE ENGINE RUNS WITH A 1:50 FUEL/OIL MIXTURE (2% 2T CASTROL SUPER WITH 95 OCTANE FUEL).



# **!WARNING! !DO NOT START ENGINE ON THE GROUND-THERE IS A** HIGH INJURIE HAZARD!





As people weights vary it is important to set up your motor to ensure your weight will result in a safe and comfortable flight. Test hang your motor to simulate the in-flight position and re test hang after each adjustment. The aim is to have a safe thrust line position as well as a comfortable position to fly in. Use another person preferably an instructor to help you adjust this tilt angle. Aim for between 5-20 deg. A 5 degree thrust line means the thrust is pointing 5 degress down. The higher the angle the more tilt back. Beware this may result in more difficulty gettign out into hang for landing. Higher tilt back angle may also result is pre-mature sitting down on launch.

Factory settings on the low hang bars are the middle position in both holes, test hang in this position first. As a general rule.

Heavy pilots should use the glider position hole 1 and the harness position 3 Lighter pilots use position 3 for Glider shakle and pos 1 for the harness shakle.

Before you change both settings at once, try one change at a time, as this may produce the results required.

Always reassure yourself, that all shakles are screwed in all the way and are secured with the keyrings (small picture)



Page 9

The carringstraps need to be latched to the lower part of the frame (as shown in picture). You can hear a click when they are attached. Check both sides when completed.

The built in rescue system is integrated in to the side of the harness and offers usability and comfort. It is however very important that the reserve bridle runs outside of the low attachment bars. (See picture). Each time the low bars are fitted to the frame this needs to be checked.

From there the reserve bridle splits apart and runs over your shoulder to the carabiners.







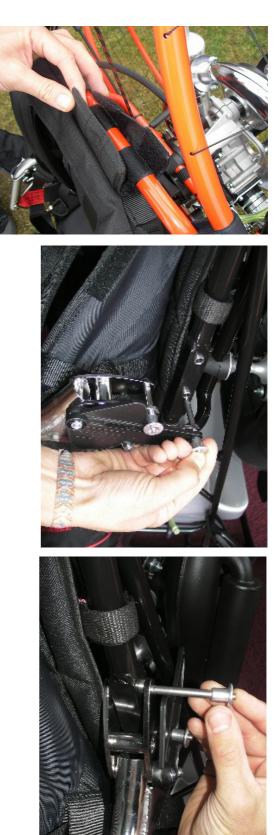
# **PILOTSUSPENSION AND HARNESS**

The harness is mounted on top of the backframe. Ensure the velcro is doubled over and secure.

The pushrods are mounted via the quickpins. It is easier if you always leave the quickpins in the pusrods.

Mount the lower one first and be sure to include the plastic cover plate .

Secure the upper pushrod to the frame last.





The end of the V-lines are mounted on the carabiners. Check this.



The cushion of the harness is designed to give you optimum support and comfort. It elevates you a few centimeter higher and can be removed as shown if you find the harness too small. The cushion is mounted via velcros on the harness.

The harness comes in Small,Medium and Large sizes.





#### Seat position while flight





Landing position

#### Hint:

After launching it is recommended to use the kick strap provided to easily slip into the harness. Push your lower back into the back of the harness stretching you legs to gain flying position. This needs to be tested prior to your first flight as the length of the kick strap will depend on your leg length.



The throttle lever is secured in your hand via the hand strap. Secure the throttle lever prior to flight. As some methods for launch set up involve taking the brakes first, refer to your instructors advice for the best sequence for launching..

While doing a forward inflation ensure the A-lines don't get caught on the cruise control. Adjust this knob for the optimum position to avoid this getting caught. If you ordered you throttle lever upside down there is less chance for this to occur.

Consult your instructor for the best method for inflation.

Shown in this picture the set up of a powered forward inflation.

Now you're ready to start, remember always fly safe!









# THE FOLLOWING POINTS SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT BEFORE EVERY START!

01. CHECK ALL PARTS FOR TIGHTNESS, CHECK ALL FASTENERS! 02. VISUAL INSPECTION OF CAGE AND FRAME FOR FRACTURES! **03. PROPELLER HUB WITHOUT CLEARANCE?** 04. EXHAUST SPRINGS OK? **05. EXAMINATION OF EXHAUST RUBBER ELEMENTS!** 06. PETROL FILTER NOT SOILED? 07. MOTOR, CARBURETTOR AND TANK LEAK-PROOF? **08. SUFFICIENT SUPPLY OF PETROL? 09. PILOT SUSPENSION UNDAMAGED? 10. CANOPY UNDAMAGED? 11. GAS LEVER POSITION?** 12. TRAVELLING LOCK RELEASED? 13. FUEL TAP OPEN? 14. VENTILATED TANK LID ON TANK? 15. PROPELLER CLEAR – START MOTOR! 16. CARRY OUT A TEST AT FULL THROTTLE! **17. TEST THE OFF-SWITCH FUNCTION 18. PILOT PROPERLY HOOKED IN? 19. WIND DIRECTION AND WIND FORCE? 20.TAKE-OFF STRETCH CLEAR?** 21. FUEL TANK IS FIXED AND THE GAP BETWEEN EXHAUST-FUEL TANK ASSURED

EVERYTHING O.K.? CLEAR FOR TAKE-OFF!



## **CHECK BEFORE EACH FLIGHT**

- CAGE SECURED ON THE FRAME
- CAGE IN GOOD SHAPE
- PROPELLER-CLEARANCE
- PROPELLER WITHOUT FREE SPACE
- PROPELLER WITHOUT DAMAGE
- KILLSWITCH O.K.
- FUEL MIN.98 OCTANE OR HIGHER
- FUEL TANK LEAKY
- PILOT SUSPENSION AND STRAP WITHOUT STRESSMARKS
- SPARKING PLUG AND WIRE WELL FIXED
- TANK-LID WITH TUBE ON THE TANK
- PROOF GLIDER, LINES AND RISER FOR STRESSMARKS OR DAMAGE'S.
- INTAKESILENCER AND IT'S FIRMNESS
- FULL RPM MIN 8000 U/MIN

## **CHECK ALL 10 HOURS**

- FUEL FILTER
- CLEAN THE CARBCHAMBER
- BELTS IN GENERALL
- EXHAUST INCL. THE SELAINGRINGS AND THE SCREWS.
- ALL CONNECTION FROM THE WIRES
- EXHAUSTCONNECTOR AND SPRINGS
- FUNKTION OF CARRINGSTRAPS

### **CHECK ALL 50 HOURS**

- METAL-WIRE FROM THROTTLE
- REPLACE THE SPARKING PLUG AND THE CONNECTOR
- REPLACE ALL RUBBERJOINT FROM EXHAUSTSYSTEM
- REPLACE THE SEALINGRINGS AND THE SCREWS
- CHECK ALL SCREWS
- ALL WIRES WITH IT'S CONNECTIONS
- TANK
- REPLACE STARTERFINGER
- CHECK PROPELLERBALANCE



# CHECK ALL 100 HOURS

- CLEANING THE DECOMPRESSIONHOLE INSIDE THE CYLINDER
- PISTONRINGS
- REPLACE PROPELLERBEARINGS
- REPLACE INTAKE DIAPHRAGM
- REPLACE CARABINER FROM PILOTSUSPNSION
- REPLACE DIAPHRAGM SETS OF THE CARBURETTOR
- GENERAL MAINTENANCE IN FACTORY
- Replace all 3 exhaust spring

# CHECK ALL 300 HOURS

- THE ENGINE AND HIS COMPONENTS SHOULD SEND TO THE MANUFACTURING FOR

- GENERAL MAINTENANCE

# GLIDER

- THE GLIDER SHOULD BE CHECKED ALL 2 YEARS.SEND TO THE MANUFACTURER

# MOTOR

- THE ENGINE SHOULD BE CHECKED EACH YEAR ALIKE HOW MUCH HOURS IT'S USED

# !!!

#### WITHOUT THESE CHECK'S NO WARRENTY OR OTHER CLAIMS! PLEASE USE ONLY FRESH BREEZE GENUINE SPARPARTS.THIS WILL TAKEN POSSESSION ALL SAFETY AND STIFFNESS WHICH IS REQUIERED FROM DULV.

# !!!

# BE SURE TO FOLLOW THIS SAFETY ADVICE EVERY TIME YOU USE FRESH BREEZE MOTORS !

- USE YOUR ENGINE CAREFULLY. DISREGARDING ANY SAFETY ADVICES AND INCAUTIOUS BEHAVIOUR MAY LEAD TO SERIOUS INJURIES.
- NEVER COME CLOSE OR GRAP INTO THE SPINNING PROPELLER. HIGH RISK OF SEROIUS INJURIES.
- THE ENGINE MAY NOT BE STARTED WHEN IT IS STANDING ON THE GROUND. HIGH RISK OF SERIOUS INJURIES.
- NEVER TOUCH HOT PARTS (ENGINE, EXHAUST). HIGH RISK OF BURNING.
  - Unexperienced pilot's should have minimum 80 kg (176 lbs). Otherwise you risk a stall or twist in

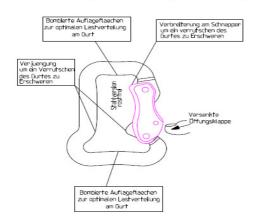






AustriAlpin Powerfly Karabiner sind zur Verwendung als Gurtkarabiner bestimmt. Die am Karabiner angegebenen Festigkeitswerte gelten zur Verwendung für Gurte: (schmale Seite: 20mm/ breite Seite: 45mm) Die Kennzeichnung auf dem Karabiner hat folgende Bedeutung (Dieses Kennzeichnungsbeispiel dient nur zur Erklärung. Gültigkeit haben nur die eingeprägten Werte auf dem Karabiner)

# KN76 B10 MON0 + B



Klammer A: Festigkeit in der Hauptachse des Karabiners in KN Klammer B: Festigkeit bei offenem Schnapper in KN Klammer C: Tauglichkeit für Einzelpilotenaufhängung (min 18 KN) Klammer D: Tauglichkeit für Tandempilotenaufhängung (min 24 KN)



#### Gebrauchsanleitu ng

#### Vor jedem Start muss der Schnapper:

1) geschlossen und verriegelt sein

2) Verschluss und Verriegelung kontrolliert werden

Kontrollieren Sie vor jedem Gebrauch ob der Karabiner unbeschädigt ist und ob alle Teile einwandfrei funktionieren. Bei jedem Zweifel über die Sicherheit darf dieser nicht mehr verwendet werden. Beachten Sie, dass nur bei fachgerechtem Einsatz die angegebenen Festigkeitswerte erreichtwerden, und eine sichere Funktion gewährleistet ist. Beim Einsatz in Gleitschirmen bzw. Gurtzeugen ist darauf zu achten, dass der Karabiner in die dafür vorgesehenen Schlaufen eingehängt wird, da nur diese die nötige Festigkeit aufweisen und für optimales Verhalten des Schirmes konzipiert sind. Der Öffnungsmechanismus ist so konstruiert, dass eine unbeabsichtigte Öffnung weitgehend ausgeschlossen wird. Trotzdem muss darauf geachtet werden, dass kein Gegenstand (Gurt, Leine, Band usw.) die Öffnungsklappe brühren oder betätigen kann. Der Anwender sollte genauestens über die Geräte, die er verwendet Bescheid wissen sowie über die nötige Erfahrung verfügen, um diese fachgerecht einzusetzen. Sollten Produkte von mehreren Personen verwendet werden (z.B. Flugsbulen, Trainingszentren usw.) empfehlen wir eine systematische Überprüfung. Es ist darauf zu achten, dass AustriAlpin bei nicht sachgemäßer Verwendung, keine wie auch immer geartete Verantwortung und Haftung übernimmt.

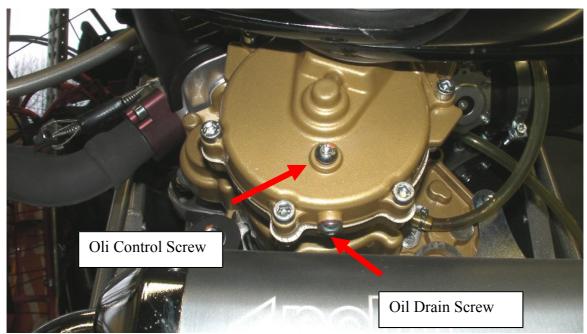
#### Reinigung, Wartung, Pflege:

Reinigen Sie den Karabiner mit reinem Wasser. Für eine möglichst lange Funktionsdauer ist es notwendig, alle Gleitteile an ihren Gelenken mit einem Tropfen Öl zu schmieren. Die Aufbewahrung sollte in gereinigtem und trockenem Zustand, in trockener Umgebung auf nicht metallischem Untergrund erfolgen. Chemische Einflüsse bzw. Temperaturen über 150°C sind unbedingt zu vermeiden.

# ThoriX Carabiner

Page 18

# **Oil Control and Drain Screw**



# **Specification:**

# ELF MOTO GEAR OIL 10 W 40

or

Shell Advance Gear SAE 10 W 40 API GL-3

# **Thorix** Oilcontrol